

Tab5

User's manual



Technical support and product information

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Tab 5.0 - User's manual

INTRODUCTION

Tab is a software monitoring and supervising plants that are controlled by LAE instruments. It performs data logging, overall plant supervision, alarm management and Virtual Instrument tasks.

The **Tab** features are described in the following chapters:

1. CONFIGURATION
2. PLANT OVERVIEW
3. DATA LOGGER
4. DISPLAY AND PRINTOUT OF THE RECORDED DATA
5. QUICK EXPORT OF RECORDED DATA
6. ALARM MANAGEMENT AND REPORT SENDING
7. VIRTUAL INSTRUMENT

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- Computer with Windows 10, 8, or 7 operating system installed and running properly; minimum processor and memory as required by the Windows version – Mouse
- At least 800x600 pixel screen resolution; 24 bit colour
- USB to RS-485 adapter mod. USB485-STIXL or other RS-485 interface internal or external to the computer

For SMS messages sending:

- 1 RS-232 serial port (can be obtained from an external USB to RS-232 converter)
- 1 GSM modem (it must be one of the suitable models; consult the supplier of software)

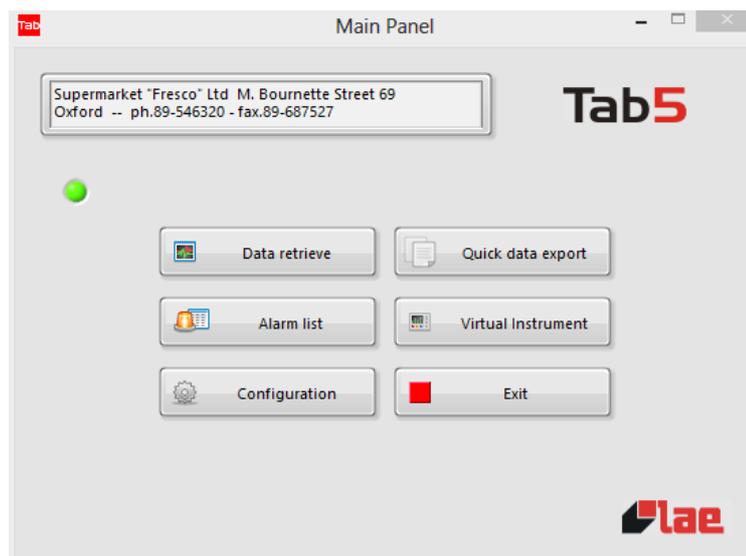
For e-mail sending:

- Access to Internet

INSTALLATION

Connect the USB key supplied to a PC USB port. Based on the **Tab** version purchased, the key will enable all functions or part of them. If the key is not connected, the **Tab** will just perform the plant overview task.

Before proceeding to installation, close all other active programs. Get access to the folder including the installation files (be it available on a removable support or downloaded from the website www.lae-electronic.com) and execute *setup.exe*. Then follow the instructions supplied by the installation program. When the installation has been completed successfully, in the start menu the group "LAE Tab 5.0" will be available, inside of this you will have to choose "Tab 5.0" to get the program started.



1. CONFIGURATION

When the installation is over, the first operation you have to perform is **Tab** configuration. To do this, you have to input the details of the plant to be monitored and the way the various functions, such as data logging or report sending, have to work.

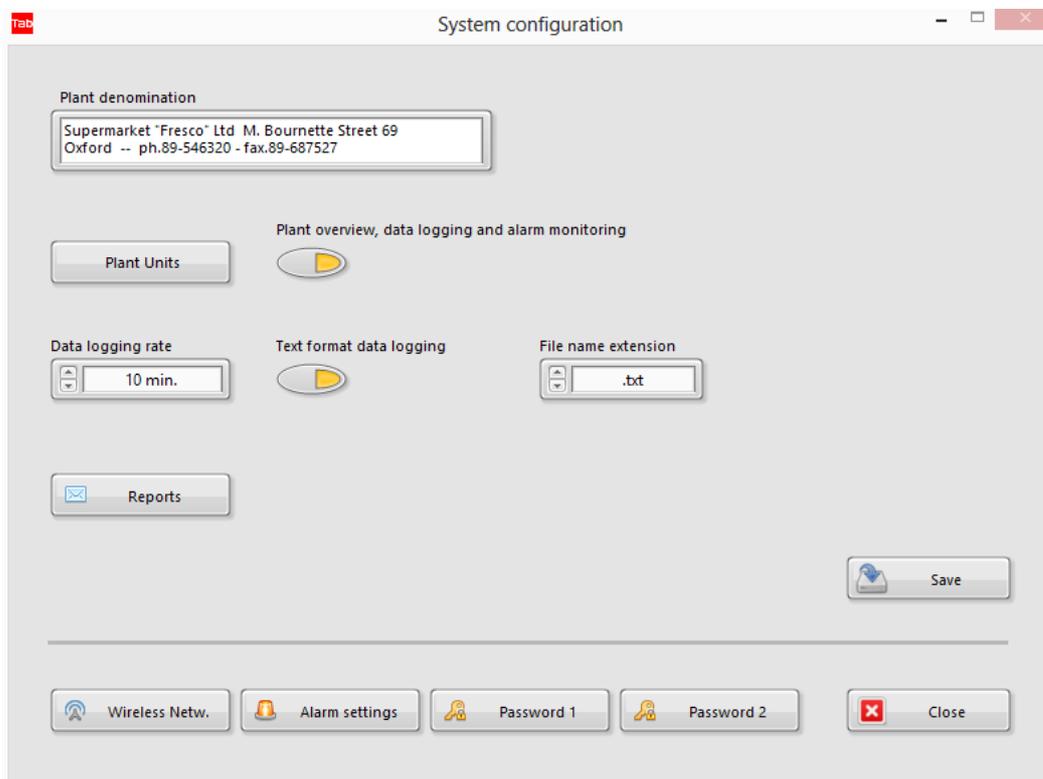
From *Main Panel*, start the configuration function with “Configuration” and digit password #1.

As default configuration, after the installation, no password is set; in order to protect the system, it is necessary to set both passwords #1 and #2.

PASSWORDS

From the *System Configuration* window, it is possible to modify the passwords #1 and #2, which are necessary for respectively: the first for program configuration and closing, the second for instrument setting. Password #2 is considered of an upper level compared to the #1 and therefore grants access also to the functions for which password #1 is required. Once the passwords have been typed and confirmed, they are stored, there's no need to either save the rest of the configuration, or restart the **Tab**.

From *System Configuration* window, at the top, you must input data allowing plant identification, such as plant name, address etc. In this window you can also get the monitored data to be logged (data logging) and, enabling “Text format data logging”, you may get the data logger to record data even in text format, in such a way that they may be immediately available in Excel or other programs, without the need to get them exported at a later stage. See chapter “Data Logger” to learn more about this function.



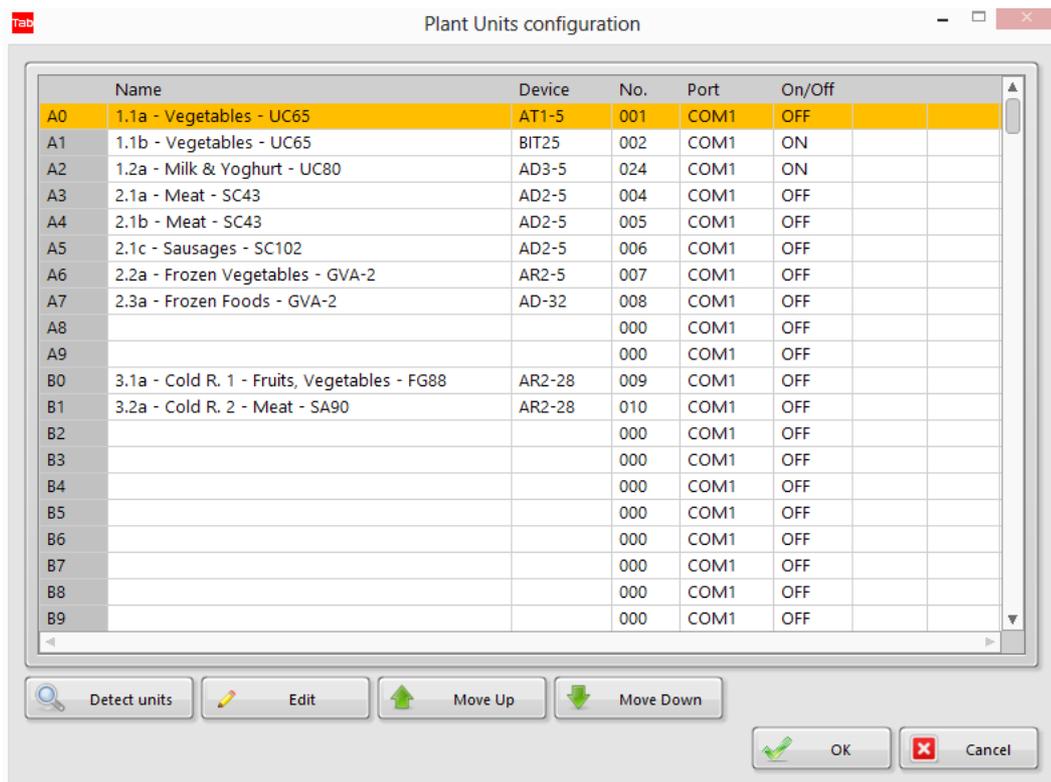
UNITS CONFIGURATION

The plant is a system consisting of several units, refrigeration cabinets/rooms/cases or others, that are individually controlled by an electronic device. You configure the units by assigning to each one the model of the controller, its own address and a unit description allowing to unambiguously identify its purpose in the plant. To do this, it will be helpful to first of all draw up a list of the various items to compile.

Please be advised that, in the plant configuration, for the various units 260 positions are marked individually by a letter (A-Z) followed by a number (0-9), so from A0 to Z9. In the window *Plant overview*, they will appear divided into 26 columns/groups by 10 units each. During configuration it's possible to add the various units in any position, dividing them into separate groups according to location criteria in the real plant, type or other logical criteria.

Press “Plant Units” to open the unit configuration window.

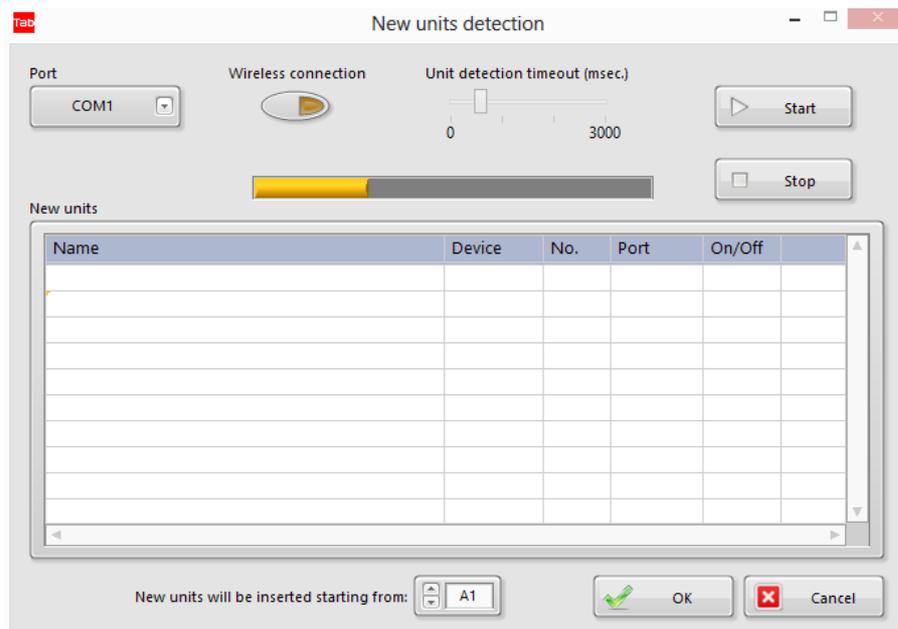
These appear arranged in the rows of a table, marked from A0 to Z9. For each row, in the various columns the main settings such as name given to the unit, instrument model (device), address, communication port used and activation appear.



DETECTION OF THE UNITS CONNECTED

During configuration, the **Tab** is able to detect the new units connected, in other words units of which LAE device meets the following conditions: 1- it must be connected to the line or wireless communication network; 2- it must have the address already configured and different from any other address, both amongst the connected devices and those which are already present in the configuration, if any; 3- it must be a model included in the driver of the devices installed.

When these conditions are met and therefore after having suitably set the address of all devices, it will be possible to detect all the connected units at the first configuration as much as new units added at a later stage, if any. When pressing "Detect units", the following window appears.

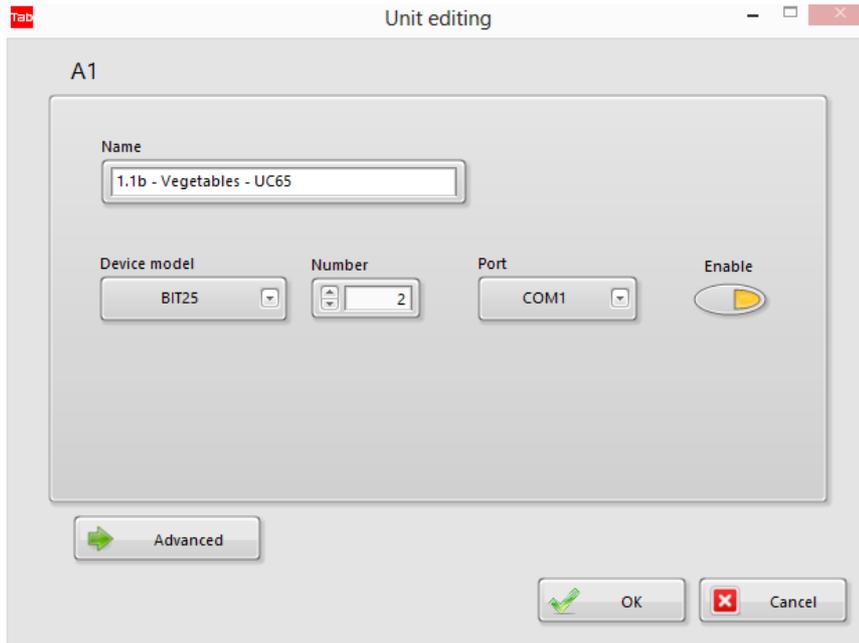


Proceed as follows: press “Port” and choose the communication port used for the connection with the devices. If they belong to a wireless network, enable “Wireless connection”. If communication is particularly slow (for example because of USB/RS-232/485 converters for wired line or because of a complex wireless network featuring high latency), it’s possible to set a longer timeout for the detection of the individual device through the suitable cursor. Then press “Start” to get the detection process started. Now, the advancement bar will start to get filled and the newly detected units will one after the other appear in the table. It’s possible to get the process stopped by pressing “Stop”.

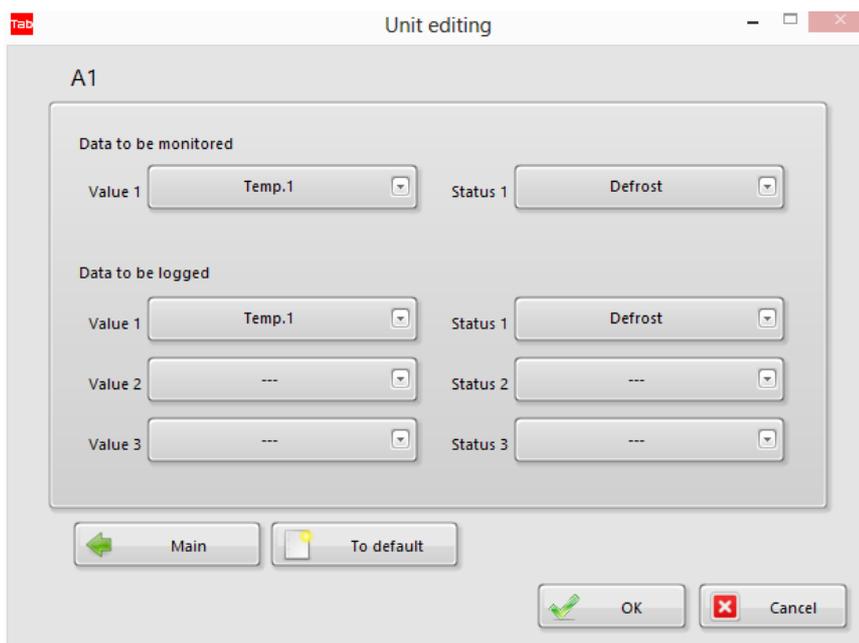
At the end of the detection, process by means of the selector below the table, it will be possible to set the position in which the new units will be added. This selector is set by default to the position selected in the table of the previous window. Press “OK” to add newly detected units in the configuration and to go back to the previous window, from where it will be possible to complete the information obtained.

CONFIGURING A UNIT

To add or modify the configuration data of a unit, select the desired row, then double click or press “Edit”.



In this window it will be possible to freely set the unit name/description, model and address of the device, communication port and enable the unit to the **Tab** functions. Press “Advanced” to customise the monitored and recorded data for that unit.



For the plant overview, choose a value (for ex. temperature) from the menu and, if need be, a state (for ex. defrost) that you judge to be meaningful to display according to the type of unit. See the relevant chapter for more details.

For the data logging function, it's possible to choose up to 3 values and 3 states.

The values and the states available in the menus depend on the device model.

Values or states to be logged will be preset and not modifiable if a particular device, because of its driver settings, requires data logging of more than 3 values or states.

Press "To default" to revert to the pre-defined setting.

Please bear in mind that, also based on the number of units fitted, a high total quantity of data to be acquired and stored will imply a lower data updating frequency for all the **Tab** functions. So, for example, you will have a smaller sampling frequency of the recent dynamical data of the virtual instrument function and slower response speed in the alarm detection function.

At the end of the configuration of the single unit, press "OK" to accept the setting and revert to the previous window. To remove a unit, cancel the text in the "Name" field and press "OK".

In the *Plant Units configuration* it's possible to change the unit position by selecting it and pressing "Move Up" or "Move Down".

Caution: the peripheral number (address) must be set on all devices with different values. The same numbers must be set when configuring the Tab in the relevant units and must consequently be all different from each other.

REPORT CONFIGURATION

By clicking on "Reports" you have got access to the *Report configuration* window. From here it's possible to configure if, to whom and when **Tab** will send SMS and e-mail reports. For further details on this function, see section "Message transmission", in chapter "Alarm Management and Report Sending".

In "Short Header" input the identification of the calling plant which will appear as header in the SMS messages.

To enable SMS messages, the relevant switch has to be enabled, choose the GSM modem model and the COM port to which it's connected. To enable messages to be sent via e-mail, just enable the relevant switch and add a valid e-mail address, which will be the sender of the messages.

It's now possible to define up to 12 receivers: for each one of them enter name, phone number, e-mail address and choose if message send option has to be disabled temporarily, if it must only take place in case of an alarm or in case of an alarm at programmed times (up to 12) in "Report time". If need be, press "-" to eliminate the last time programmed.

Receiver name	Phone number	E-mail address	When SMS is sent	When email is sent
John Adams	+972577274124	j.adams@mntser.net	Never	Alarm/Time
Alexander Black	+393287234275	a.black@mntser.net	Never	Alarm
Jennifer Hiron	+443226812248	j.hiron@mntser.net	Never	Alarm/Time
George Howard	+393298276374		Never	Never

With "OK" confirm the data and revert to the *System Configuration* window.

Now save the configuration with the command "Save" and exit with "Close".

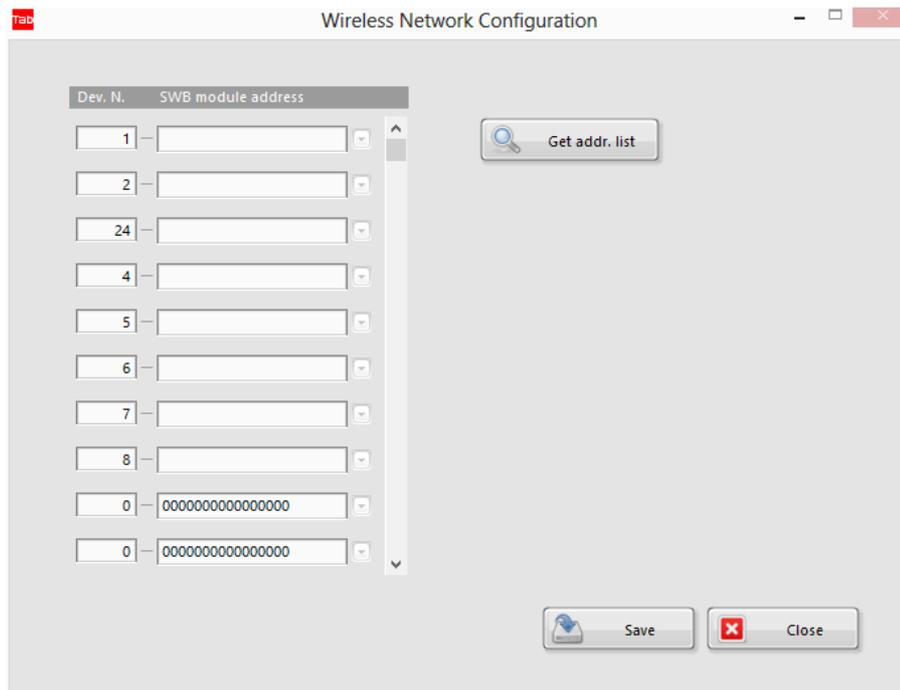
To make the new configuration effective, shut down the Tab and re-start it.

In order to shut down **Tab**, press "Exit" and insert password #1.

CONFIGURATION OF A WIRELESS NETWORK

If the controllers present in the plant, or a part of them, must communicate with the **Tab** through SWB wireless modules, it's then necessary to associate the controller peripheral number to the SWB module address to which the controller is connected. In order to proceed, the wireless network should have already been installed by following the instructions of the SWB modules and it must be fully active, i.e. both the SWB-C connected to the computer and all the SWB-R's connected to the controllers must be switched on.

After saving the plant configuration with "Save", press "Wireless Netw."



In the window opening up there is a list of all peripheral numbers given to the devices of the units added. On the side of every single device number that is connected to an SWB wireless module, you must write the 16-character address appearing on the external label of the SWB box.

In order to avoid writing all individual characters of all addresses present, click on "Get addr. list" and choose the COM port to which the SWB-C (network coordinator) is connected. In this way you will obtain a list of addresses of all the SWB-R's detected in the network. Now, just click on the arrow on the side of the address field and choose the right address from the menu.

For those devices connected to the same SWB-R you must logically choose the same address. For those devices which are connected to the PC directly via a hard-wired RS485 line, the field must be left empty.

Caution: the SWB-R modules in the network can not be detected while the **Tab** is already acquiring data. So in order to make modifications to the wireless network configuration after the **Tab** has been activated, it's first of all necessary to deactivate the plant overview, data logging and alarm monitoring functions through the relevant switch in the main configuration page and re-start the **Tab**.

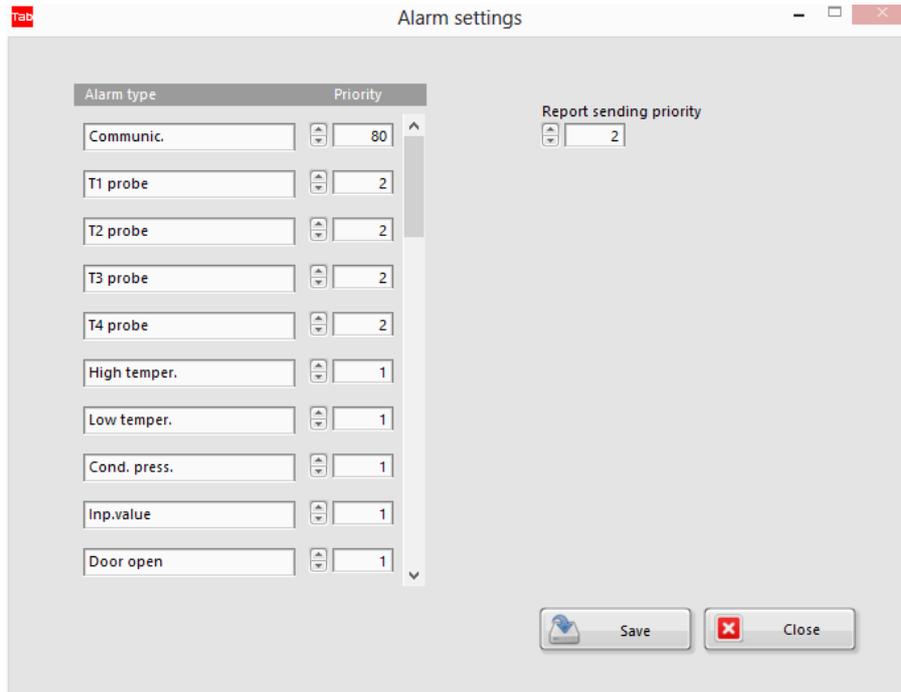
ALARM CONFIGURATION

When pressing "Alarm settings" the alarm setting window opens up.

In the list at the left all alarm types of the LAE controllers available appear. For each one of them, according to the importance that you wish to give, it's possible to set a priority value between 0 and 255.

This value will appear in the current and stored alarm lists.

In the box at the side of the list it's possible to set the minimum priority an alarm must have to cause the immediate SMS or e-mail sending.



2. PLANT OVERVIEW

The *Plant Overview* window will show the main information of all the units in the plant. The displayed data are the values and the status defined in the configuration of the single unit. The status is indicated by a box of which colour changes depending on the overall unit status: grey for a unit deactivated, green if there are no alarms and the associated status is not active, yellow if there are no alarms but the associated status is active (for ex. defrost), colour red indicates an alarm status or communication error.



The units appear arranged in 26 columns (A...Z) of 10 elements (0...9). In order to get the visible columns scroll, press the buttons with the arrows, at the top right page.

Clicking on or tapping on the rectangle that bounds a unit, it will be possible to get a direct access to the window *Virtual Instrument* of the relative device (if the Virtual Instrument function is included in the **Tab** version purchased).

3. DATA LOGGER

The data logging function performs a permanent recording of the values (for ex. temperature) and status (for ex. defrost). This function starts automatically at the same time as the **Tab** and you may check its operation through the blinking dot in the *Main Panel* window. In the main configuration window you enable this function and you may set the data recording rate (between 5 and 30 minutes). When configuring the individual unit, it's possible to modify the pre-defined setting of which data to record. You have to choose up to 3 values and 3 status amongst the ones proposed based on the device model. The data are then stored by creating a file for every individual unit and per every individual month.

DATA LOGGING IN TEXT FORMAT

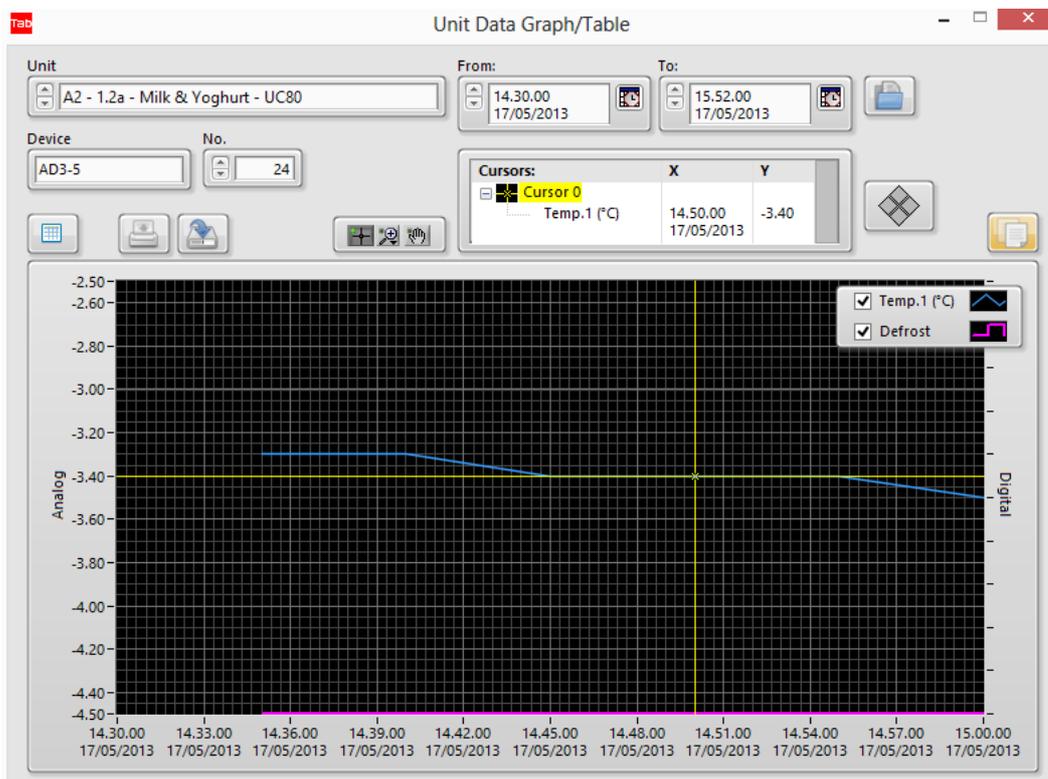
If in the main configuration window the option "Text format data logging" option has been enabled, the data logger will record data even in text format. The files generated will be stored in the "Datalog" folder, which is located inside the folder where the **Tab** is installed and will bear a name consisting of the UD letters followed by 3 figures identifying the device address, 2 figures for the year, 2 figures for the month data refer to and, between brackets, which data have been recorded. The extension may be *.txt* or *.xls*. The data have to be matched with the unit present in the plant by using the number (address) of the device.

Caution: these files may be opened directly in spreadsheets or other applications but, in order to allow the files of the current month to be updated by Tab, it's first of all mandatory to create a copy of those files, preferably in a separate folder, then you'll have to work on the copy created.

Nevertheless, if when saving data, **Tab** finds an open file, the data of that recording will be saved in a file with the same name plus "_m" at the end, so that they may be retrieved. Please bear in mind that the reference data remain those which are saved in the **Tab** format and that may always be analysed with the **Tab** tools and also exported in a text format.

4. DISPLAY AND PRINTOUT OF THE RECORDED DATA

From *Main Panel*, by clicking on "Data retrieve" you may get access to the retrieve, display and recorded data printout functions.

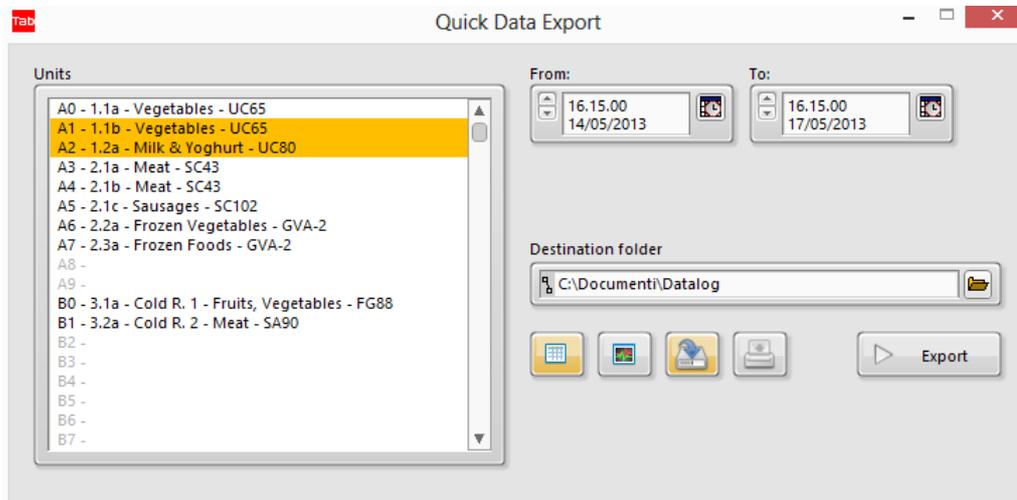


colour printer, if you have a monochromatic printer you can have the various curves distinguished by choosing dotted lines).

The printouts will always be sent to the Windows default printer.

5. QUICK EXPORT OF RECORDED DATA

This function has been fundamentally conceived to ease the production of the documentation required by the Competent Bodies in charge for the survey and respect of the HACCP norms.

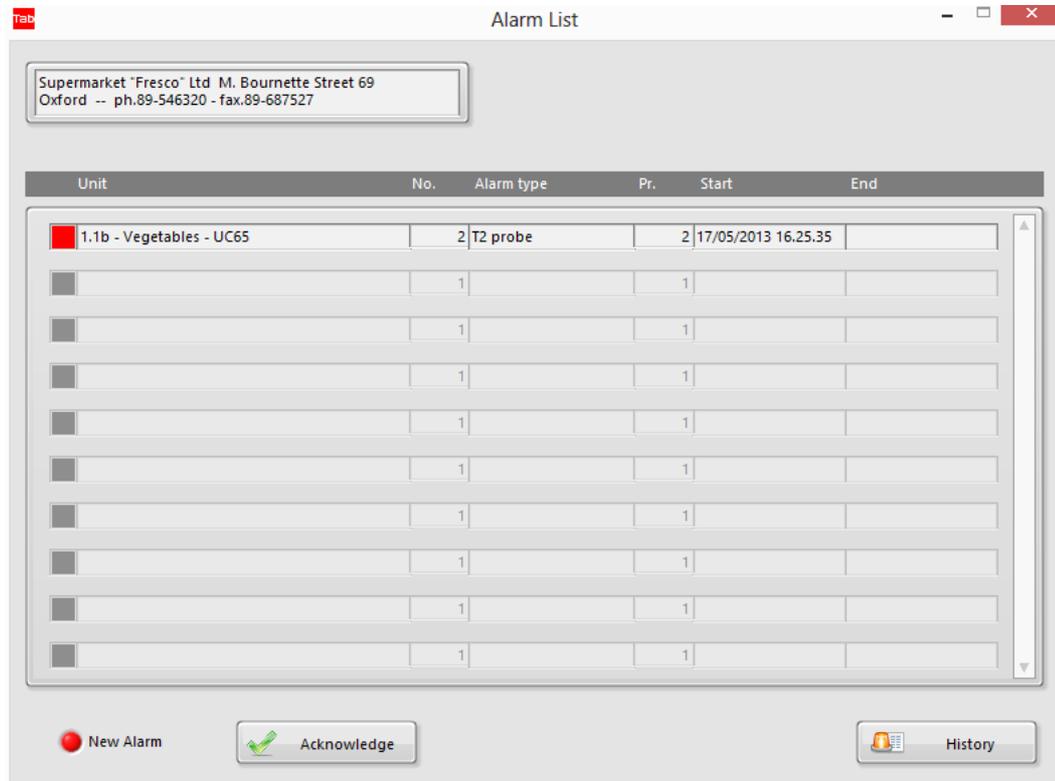


With just a few clicks it's possible to create files and printouts of the recorded data in text and graph format for a selection of units in a certain period of time.

From the unit list, choose those of interest, by keeping "Ctrl" or "Shift" pressed in order to add elements. Then choose date/time of start and end period, file destination folder (even USB drive), formats (text, graph or both), output type (file, printout or both). Now press "Export" to obtain what is required.

6. ALARM MANAGEMENT AND REPORT SENDING

Alarm management means a comprehensive set of functions pertaining alarm status acquisition, storage, display of the ongoing events, display and printout of the past event, report sending – such as e-mail and SMS messages, based on alarm priority.



The current alarm situation is displayed in the *Alarm List* window. It shows the recent alarm history by reporting the unit where the alarm took place, the starting time, the source, its priority and, whenever the alarm is over, its ending time. In addition, on the left of every event a red light signals that the alarm is still on, and it turns green when the alarm is over. The lighting up of the "New Alarm" indicator means that new alarms took place since the last acknowledgement.

Whenever in a controller an alarm condition occurs, it is detected and stored by **Tab**. At the same time, regardless of the window you are working in, a red "Alarm" window comes up, showing a plant anomaly. Now, clicking on "Alarm" or on Alarm List in *Main panel* opens *Alarm list* window.

After you have become aware of the situation, you can switch off the "New Alarm" indicator and remove the already ended alarms from the list (they will however remain stored on file) by clicking on "Acknowledge".

All ended alarm events may be displayed or printed out from the *Alarm History* window, which is opened by clicking on "History". In this window, you must choose the month concerned, load the data and if necessary then print out on the list on the default device by clicking on "Print". It's possible to choose a specific unit to limit all the displayed events to it.

The inhibited units are excluded from alarm management.

MESSAGE TRANSMISSION

TAB incorporates an e-mail and SMS message sending function, in order to constantly keep one or more people on the proper plant operation and, in case of alarms, inform them promptly.

As a matter of fact the messages can either be sent in case of an alarm or even at programmed times. In the *Report configuration* window you can choose if and when alarms are sent according to the following options: **Never**, temporarily excluded; **Alarm**, only when alarms occur; **Alarm/Time**, therefore when alarms occur or however at the times set into the "Report Time" boxes.

The alarm condition for the immediate sending must consist of one or more new alarms, with priority greater than or equal to the minimum priority set in the *Alarms Setting* window, detected in one or more units. In the event that the message is sent at a set time, it will report that there are alarms, even not new ones and with priority lower than the minimum priority set, in one or more units or, if no alarm is on, it will indicate that no alarm is going on. In this latter case, the enabled receiver will however be informed about the correct operation of the whole system. Differently, if the set message is not received at the due time, this will mean that a failure in any of the vital parts of the system occurred (PC, modem, etc.).

In case of alarms with priority great enough for the immediate sending of the SMS report, at the end of the event a end of alarm message is sent, with the indication of all ended events.
If the length of the SMS is greater than 160 characters, a series of linked messages will be sent out according to the ETSI GSM 03.40 specifications. Usually, the receiving device will be able to link all elements together.

The sent message includes the following information:

Short Header, Date and Time, list of the units where alarms have taken place and the alarm type (if none, "No Alarms").

In the event of scheduled e-mail message or new alarm, a text file will be sent as an attachment listing all ongoing events.

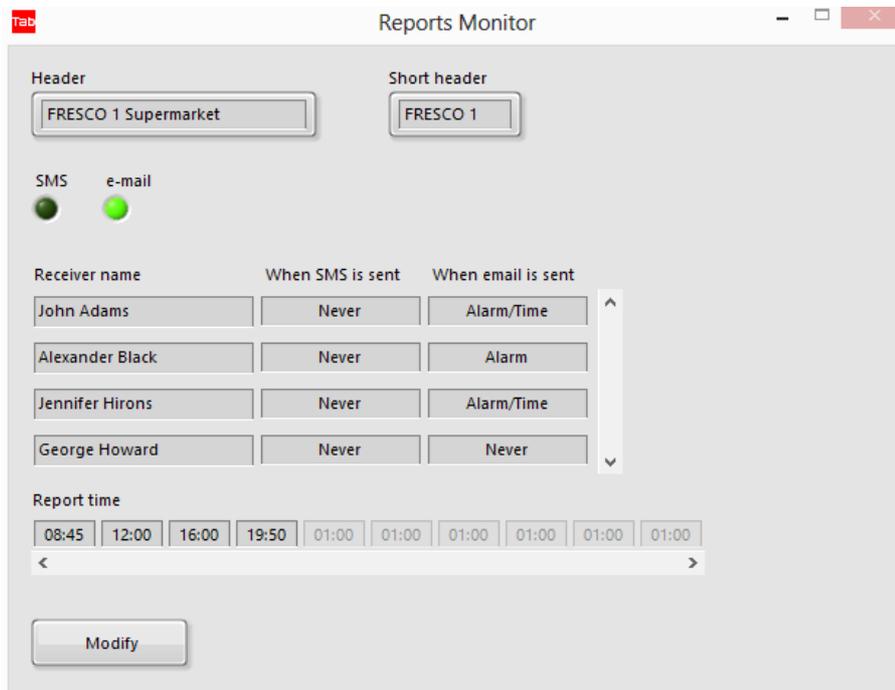
The use of the GSM modem allows an alarm report to be sent not only automatically but also as a reply to an occasional request by any GSM mobile phone. To achieve this it's necessary to send a message like the following to the modem telephone number: R[receiver's number]:[required function].

As an example: **R+391231234567:LCR**

The report request message sent to the **Tab** may also omit the receiver's number of the report (**R:LCR**); in this case the report will be sent to the sender of the request.

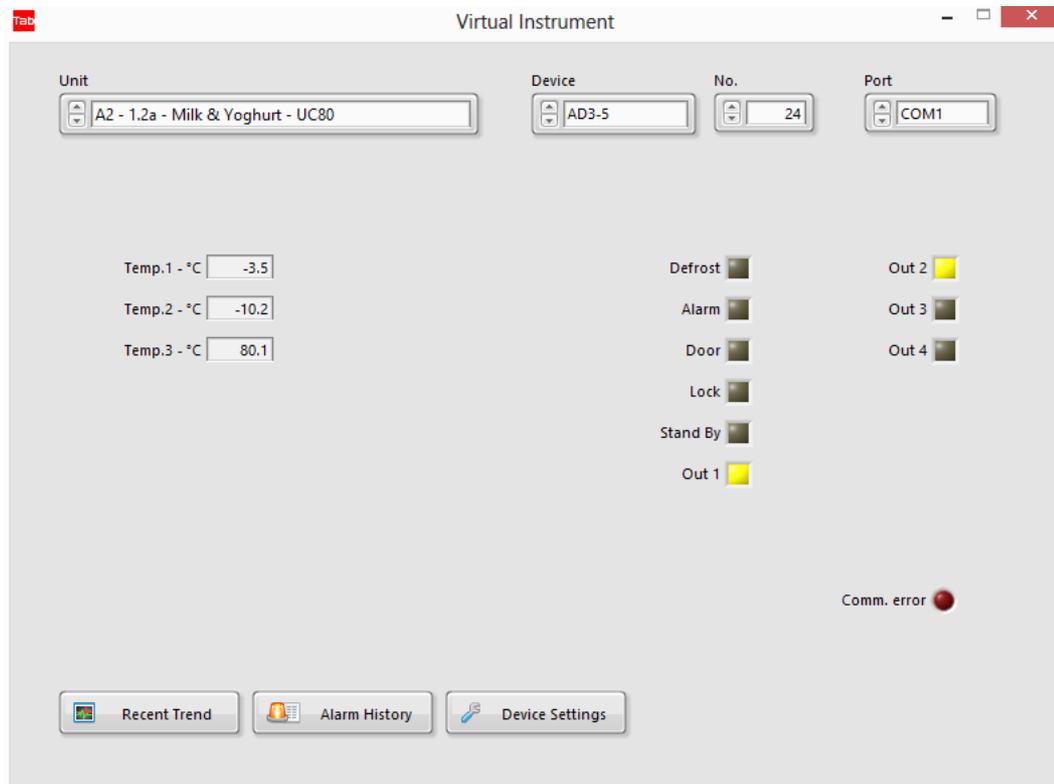
Presently the only supported function is LCR (Last Check Report), which requires a report on the alarms, just like the report that is sent automatically at set times.

If an SMS or e-mail report sending has been enabled, when the **Tab** is started a window comes on, showing the receivers and message sending mode; you can also have direct access to the relevant settings through the button "Modify".



7. VIRTUAL INSTRUMENT

This function shows you the details of the device (instrument/controller) controlling the unit. It displays the values of input/output and current status, the graph of recent values, the device configuration panel, the access to the recorded alarms.



It's accessible both from the *Main Panel* (press "Virtual Instrument") and in the "Plant overview" window (click on the area bounding a unit).

Through "Unit" it's possible to choose a unit. If you have had access through "Plant overview", in this case the unit is already chosen.

Once the communication has been established, the current device data will be displayed. If the *Error* indicator lights up, this means that there is no communication with the device. In this case, check the connections and the configuration.

LATEST PERIOD TREND

By pressing "Recent Trend", you obtain the graph representation of the trend of all the analog inputs and of some status of the controller in the last 72 hours.

This function offers the engineer a valid tool for diagnostics and to determine how to fine tune the controller setup, in order to improve the performance of the unit.

As per the historical graphs, tools such as zooming, panning, cursors and several different curve outlook customisation tools are available for an ideal data consultation

RECORDED ALARMS

Pressing "Alarm History" gets you into the display and printout window relating to the recorded alarms of the selected unit. Now choose the month of interest and upload the data.

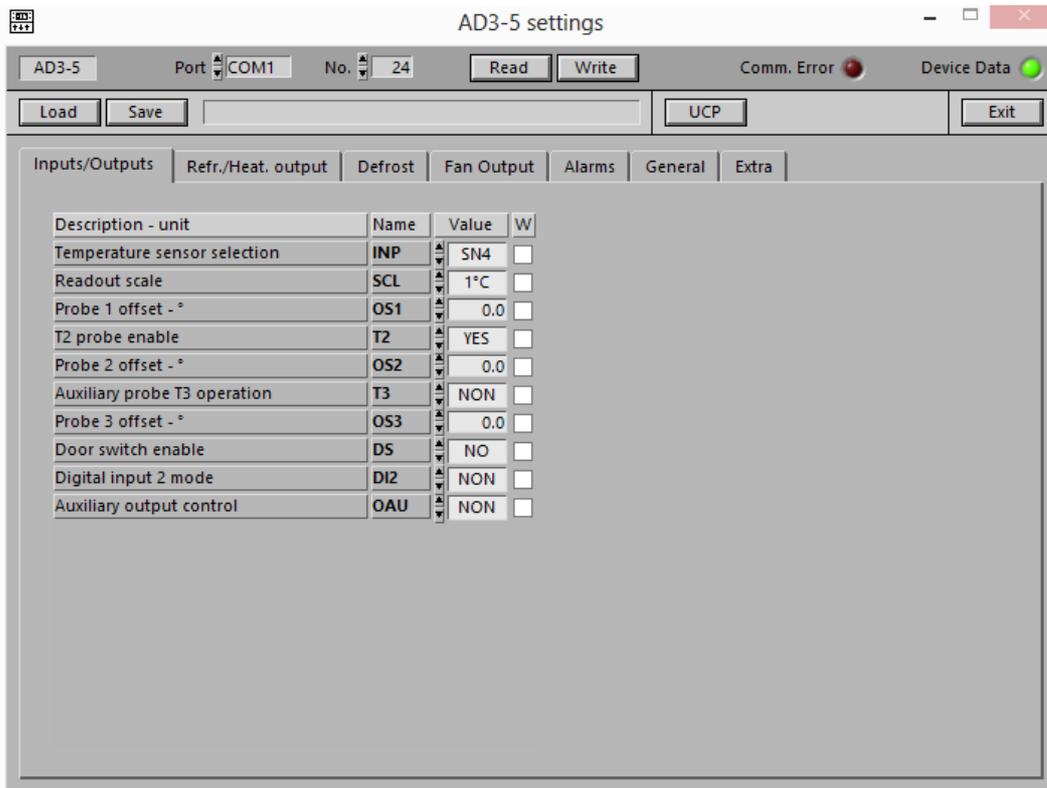
DEVICE CONFIGURATION

To get access to the device configuration window, press "Device Settings" and insert password No. 2. If a password has been set and you don't put it in, you will however get access to the parameter window but you will have no right to modify them.

The values currently set in the controller are read and displayed automatically when the window is opened. Later they can be read again by clicking on "Read".

Parameters may be set in two different ways: using values previously stored in the files related to a specific model or choosing the data to set one by one. In the first case, click on "Load" to read a default-programming mask

among the files stored with “Save”. For manual parameter modification, first of all with select the data to change, then modify the value by using: left sided \blacktriangle , numeric keypad \uparrow/\downarrow arrows, pull-down menu if present, or by numerically typing the new value. In this latter case, confirm the new data with \downarrow . After performing all modifications, click on “Write” to send the ticked off values only () to the device



Troubleshooting of most common faults

The comm.error indicator remains red

1. Check that the SBC485 converter is powered correctly (on LED lit).
2. If the on LED is lit but the other LED's of the SBC485 never light up, check that the selected PC COM port actually corresponds to the one connected to the SBC485, that it's not used for other tasks, that the cable is correct (of the type used for the modems, with RX→RX TX→TX straight connections).
3. If just the yellow LED of the SBC485 never lights up, check the device connections (the signals A and B of the RS-485 line could be inverted) and the address on **Tab** and peripheral.
4. In the case of a wireless network, check the network configuration, if necessary by using the “SWB Network Manager” software.

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